## **Introduced by Senator Perata**

February 15, 2000

An act to amend Sections 1789.30, 1789.31, 1789.35, and 1789.37 of, to repeal Section 1789.33 of, and to add Title 1.6G (commencing with Section 1789.50) to Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code, relating to deferred deposit loans.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1501, as amended, Perata. Deferred deposit loans.

Existing law governs the services provided by check eashers, including a requirement for registration with the Department of Justice. Existing law provides that a check easher may defer the deposit of a personal check, in an amount not to exceed \$300, for up to 30 days, pursuant to a written agreement that is required to include, among other items, the total amount of fees charged for the deferred deposit.

This bill would enact provisions to be known as the Deferred Deposit Loan Act and would define the purpose thereof.

Existing law governs the services provided by check cashers, including deferred deposit transaction services, as defined. Existing law also authorizes the Attorney General to bring a civil action for a violation of these provisions. A person who has been injured by a violation of these provisions may bring an action to recover damages and a court may award

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punitive damages if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the breach or violation was willful.

This bill would authorize a city attorney or the district attorney, in addition to the Attorney General, to bring a civil action for a violation of these provisions.

The bill would also remove references to direct deposit transactions contained in the above provisions and instead enact the Deferred Deposit Loan Act. The Deferred Deposit Loan Act would prohibit any person from engaging in or offering to engage in the business of making deferred deposit loans, as defined, without first obtaining a license from the Department of Justice. The act would, among other things, establish requirements for obtaining that license, including the requirement that the applicant secure a \$25,000 surety bond. The act would require a licensee to file a prescribed annual report regarding transactions governed by the act, which the Department of Justice would analyze and forward to the Legislature. The act would also require the Department of Justice to maintain a toll-free telephone number that consumers may call with complaints, and would require the Department of Justice to develop notices and information that a licensee would be required to provide to consumers. The act would require that these notices and the deferred deposit loan agreement be written in languages other than English in certain instances. The act would impose limits on the fees, interest rate, number, and amount of deferred deposit loan transactions that a licensee may transact with a consumer. The act would provide that if the consumer enters into a consecutive transaction, as defined, the consumer may elect to participate in an optional repayment plan, as specified. The act would specify activities that a licensee is prohibited from pursuing in connection with a deferred deposit transaction, including threatening to use criminal process to collect on a deferred deposit check and attempting to collect damages pursuant to a civil action for a dishonored check. The act would also provide for civil remedies and impose criminal penalties for a violation of its provisions. By creating new crimes, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

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The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no yes. State-mandated local program: no yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

# SECTION 1. Title 1.6G (commencing with Section

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SECTION 1. Section 1789.30 of the Civil Code is 2 3 amended to read:

1789.30. Every check casher, as applicable to the 4 5 services provided, shall post a complete, detailed, and unambiguous schedule of all fees for (a) cashing checks, drafts, money orders, or other commercial paper serving the same purpose and making any deferred deposit thereof, (b) the sale or issuance of money orders, and (c) 10 the initial issuance of any identification card. Each check casher shall also post a list of valid identification which is 12 acceptable in lieu of identification provided by the check casher. The information required by this section shall be 14 clear, legible, and in letters not less than one-half inch in 15 height. The information shall be posted in a conspicuous 16 location in the unobstructed view of the public within the check casher's premises. 17

SEC. 2. Section 1789.31 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

1789.31. (a)—As used in this title, a "check casher" 21 means a person or entity that for compensation engages, in whole or in part, in the business of cashing checks, warrants, drafts, money orders, or other commercial paper serving the same purpose. "Check casher" does not 25 include a state or federally chartered bank, savings 26 association, credit union, or industrial loan company. "Check casher" also does not include a retail seller 27 engaged primarily in the business of selling consumer goods, including consumables, to retail buyers that cashes SB 1501 - 4 —

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checks or issues money orders for a minimum flat fee not exceeding two dollars (\$2) as a service to its customers that is incidental to its main purpose or business. 3

(b) As used in this title, "deferred deposit" means a transaction whereby the check casher refrains from depositing a personal check written by a customer until a specific date, pursuant to a written agreement, as provided in Section 1789.33.

SEC. 3. Section 1789.33 of the Civil Code is repealed.

1789.33. (a) A check easher may defer the deposit of a personal check written by a customer for up to 30 days, pursuant to the provisions of this section. The face amount of the check shall not exceed three hundred dollars (\$300). Each deferred deposit shall be made pursuant to a written agreement that has been signed by the customer and by the check casher or an authorized representative of the cheek casher. The written agreement shall contain a statement of the total amount of any fees charged for the deferred deposit, expressed 20 both in United States currency and as an annual percentage rate (APR). The written agreement shall authorize the check casher to defer deposit of the personal check until a specific date not later than 30 days 24 from the date the written agreement was signed and executed. The written agreement shall not permit the check casher to accept collateral.

(b) A customer who enters into a deferred deposit agreement and offers a personal check to a check casher pursuant to that agreement shall not be subject to any eriminal penalty for the failure to comply with the terms of that agreement.

SEC. 4. Section 1789.35 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

1789.35. (a) A check casher shall not charge a fee for cashing a payroll check or government check in excess of 36 3 percent if identification is provided by the customer, or 37 3.5  $3^{1}/_{2}$  percent without the provision of identification, of the face amount of the check, or three dollars (\$3), whichever is greater. Identification, for purposes of this section, is limited to a California driver's license, a

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California identification card, or a valid United States military identification card.

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- (b) A check casher may charge a fee of no more than ten dollars (\$10) to set up an initial account and issue an optional identification card for providing check cashing services. A replacement optional identification card may be issued at a cost not to exceed five dollars (\$5).
- (c) A check casher shall provide a receipt to the customer for each transaction.
- (d) Subject to the limitations of Section 1789.33, a A check casher may charge a fee for cashing a personal as posted pursuant to Section 1789.30, for check, immediate deposit in an amount not to exceed 12 percent 14 of the face value of the check, or for deferred deposit in an amount not to exceed 15 percent of the face value of 16 the check.
- (e) A check casher shall not enter into an agreement 18 for a deferred deposit with a customer during the period of time that an earlier written agreement for a deferred deposit for the same customer is in effect.
  - (f) A cheek easher who enters into a deferred deposit agreement and accepts a check passed on insufficient funds, or any assignee of that cheek easher, shall not be entitled to recover damages in any action brought pursuant to, or governed by, Section 1719.
  - (g) For a transaction pursuant to Section 1789.33, a fee not to exceed fifteen dollars (\$15) may be charged for the return of a dishonored cheek by a depositary institution. The fee may be collected by a check casher who holds a valid permit issued pursuant to Section 1789.37, when acting under the authority of that permit.
  - (h) No amount in excess of the amounts authorized by this section shall be directly or indirectly charged by a check casher pursuant to a deferred deposit agreement.
- (i) Any person who violates any provision of this 36 section shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each violation, which shall 38 be assessed and recovered in a civil action brought in the name of the people of the State of California by the Attorney General, a city attorney, or a district attorney

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in any court of competent jurisdiction. Any action brought pursuant to this subdivision shall be commenced within four years of the date on which the act or transaction upon which the action is based occurred.

(f) A willful violation of this section is a misdemeanor.

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- (g) Any person who is injured by any violation of this section may bring an action for the recovery of damages, 10 an equity proceeding to restrain and enjoin those violations, or both. The amount awarded may be up to 12 three times the damages actually incurred, but in no 13 event less than the amount paid by the aggrieved 14 consumer to a person subject to this section. If the 15 plaintiff prevails, the plaintiff shall be 16 reasonable attorney's fees and costs. If a court determines 17 by clear and convincing evidence that a breach or 18 violation was willful, the court, in its discretion, may 19 award punitive damages in addition to the amounts set 20 forth above.
- 21 SEC. 5. Section 1789.37 of the Civil Code is amended 22 to read:
- 1789.37. (a) Every owner of a check casher's business 24 shall obtain a permit from the Department of Justice to 25 conduct a check casher's business.
- (b) All applications for a permit to conduct a check 27 casher's business shall be filed with the department in writing, signed by the applicant if an individual or by a member or officer authorized to sign if the applicant is a 30 corporation or other entity, and shall state the name of the business, the type of business engaged in, whether the applicant intends to enter into deferred deposit agreements, and the business address. Each applicant 34 shall be fingerprinted.
- (c) Each applicant for a permit to conduct a check 36 casher's business shall pay a fee not to exceed the cost of processing the application, fingerprinting the applicant, and checking or obtaining the criminal record of the applicant, at the time of filing the application.

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(d) Each applicant shall annually, beginning one year from the date of issuance of a check casher's permit, file an application for renewal of the permit with the department, along with payment of a renewal fee not to exceed the cost of processing the application for renewal and checking or obtaining the criminal record of the applicant.

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- (e) The department shall deny an application for a permit to conduct a check casher's business, or for 10 renewal of a permit, if the applicant has a felony conviction involving dishonesty, fraud, or deceit. is substantially provided the crime related to qualifications, functions, or duties of a person engaged in the business of check cashing.
- shall adopt (f) The department regulations 16 implement this section, and shall determine the amount of the application fees required by this section. The department shall prescribe forms for the applications and permit required by this section, which shall be uniform 20 throughout the state.
- (g) In any action brought by a city attorney or district 22 attorney to enforce a violation of this section, any owner of a check casher's business who engages in the business of check cashing without holding a current and valid permit issued by the department pursuant to this section is subject to a civil penalty, as follows:
  - (1) For the first offense, not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
  - (2) For the second offense, not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- (h) Any person who has twice been found in violation 32 of subdivision (g) and who, within 10 years of the date of the first offense, engages in the business of check cashing 34 without holding a current and valid permit issued by the 35 department pursuant to this section is guilty of a 36 misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months, or by a fine not exceeding 38 five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or by both that fine and imprisonment.

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(i) All civil penalties, forfeited bail, or fines received by any court pursuant to this section shall, as soon as practicable after the receipt thereof, be deposited with 4 the county treasurer of the county in which the court is situated. Fines and forfeitures so deposited shall be disbursed pursuant to the Penal Code. Civil penalties so deposited shall be paid at least once a month as follows:

- (1) Fifty percent to the Treasurer by warrant of the 9 county auditor drawn upon the requisition of the clerk or 10 judge of the court, to be deposited in the State Treasury 11 on order of the Controller.
- (2) Fifty percent to the city treasurer of the city, if the 13 offense occurred in a city, otherwise to the treasurer of the county in which the prosecution is conducted.

Any money deposited in the State Treasury under this 16 section which is determined by the Controller to have been erroneously deposited therein shall be refunded, subject to approval of the State Board of Control prior to the payment of the refund, out of any money in the State Treasury which is available by law for that purpose.

1.6G 6. Title (commencing with 1789.50) is added to Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code, to read:

### TITLE 1.6G. DEFERRED DEPOSIT LOANS

### CHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

1789.50. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this title to ensure that deferred deposit loans are regulated in a manner that will best protect the interests of the people of the State of California. It is further the intent of the Legislature to protect consumers from 34 misrepresentations and unfair dealings and abuses in the 35 marketplace with respect to deferred deposit loans and 36 to ensure that consumers receive adequate disclosure of all relevant terms. This title shall be liberally construed to 38 achieve these purposes.

1789.51. This title shall be known and may be cited as 39 40 the Deferred Deposit Loan Act.

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1789.52. For purposes of this title, the following 1 2 definitions apply:

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- (a) "Amount owed" means the sum of the finance charge, and the deferred deposit loan amount.
- (b) "Check" has the meaning provided in Section 3104 of the Commercial Code.
- (c) "Consecutive transaction" means deferred а deposit transaction initiated within 72 hours completion of a previous deferred deposit transaction.
- (d) "Consumer" means any natural person who, singly or jointly with another consumer, enters into a deferred deposit loan.
- (e) "Deferred deposit loan" means any arrangement 14 conducted by any means in which a person for a fee, 15 service charge, or other consideration, accepts a check 16 from a consumer and provides a consumer cash or its equivalent and agrees not to offer the check for 18 presentment for a period of time. "Deferred deposit loan" does not include any loan agreement which is 20 entered into with a bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or other state or federally regulated 22 financial institution that does not utilize an agency relationship with a facilitator, as defined in this section.
- (f) "Deferred deposit loan amount" means 25 amount of cash proceeds provided to a consumer pursuant to a deferred deposit loan, exclusive of any interest, or administrative or other loan-related charge.
  - (g) "Department" means the Department of Justice.
  - (h) "Employee" means an individual who works for an employer, is listed on the employer's payroll records, and is under the employer's direction and control.
  - (i) "Facilitator" means any person who facilitates, enables, or acts as an agent for another person who makes deferred deposit loans. A facilitator shall be licensed pursuant to the provisions of Section 1789.60.
- (j) "Finance charge" means any payment, charge, fee, cost or expense, however denominated or expressed, that 37 a consumer contracts to pay for the privilege of obtaining a deferred deposit loan. "Finance charge" does not

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1 include the amounts, if any, for delinquency charges, attorney's fees, court costs, or collection expenses.

- (k) "Installment payment" means a partial payment 4 on a deferred deposit loan made pursuant to Section 5 1789.62.
- (l) "Installment payment term" means a period of 7 time for the consumer to make an installment payment, 8 that is equal to the consumer's payroll period or 15 days, 9 whichever is greater. "Installment payment term" shall 10 in no event exceed 31 days.
- (m) "Licensee" means any person licensed by the 12 Department of Justice under the provisions of this title to 13 engage in deferred deposit loans.
- (n) "Pay day" means the regular day on which a 15 consumer receives a payment of earned wages, as 16 provided in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 200) of 17 Part 1 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.
- (o) "Pay period" means the regular period for which 19 a consumer receives a payment of earned wages, as 20 provided in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 200) of 21 Part 1 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.
- (p) "Person" means any natural person, 23 partnership, association or corporation, or other entity 24 that makes a deferred deposit loan to a consumer in this 25 state or any facilitator as defined in this section.
- (q) "Principal" means a controlling person of an entity 27 subject to this title, including, but not limited to any 28 officer, director, general partner, or person owning or 29 controlling, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of 30 the outstanding interests or equity securities of the applicant for a license, or the entity.
- (r) "Unpaid balance" means the difference between 33 the amount owed, and any and all installment payments made pursuant to Section 1789.62.

# CHAPTER 2. LICENSING

1789.60. (a) No person shall engage in or offer to 39 engage in the business regulated by this title without a 40 current license issued by the department. The following **— 11 —** SB 1501

shall be required by the department as a condition of licensure and license renewal:

(1) That neither the applicant nor any principal of the applicant has been convicted of or pleaded nolo contendere to a crime.

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- (2) That the applicant has provided a sworn statement that the applicant will not violate, or in the case of license renewal has not violated, any applicable state law when collecting payment or attempting to collect payment of 10 deferred deposit loans made in this or any other state.
- (3) That the applicant pay a nonrefundable fee 12 established by the department, in an amount sufficient to cover the costs of the background check and the 14 administration of the program, but not to exceed
- (4) That the applicant secure a surety bond in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000),18 payable to the department and issued by an insurer 19 authorized to do business in this state. A copy of the bond, 20 including any and all riders and endorsements executed 21 subsequent to the effective date of the bond, shall be filed 22 with the department pursuant to procedures which the 23 department shall establish, and shall be used for the 24 recovery of expenses, fines, and fees levied by the 25 department in accordance with this division or for 26 damages or penalties due to consumers as the result of a 27 licensee's violation of the requirements of this title.
- (5) That the applicant pay the cost of an examination 29 at a fee of seventy-five dollars (\$75) per hour for each examiner whenever the department determines that an examination or audit of the licensee is warranted, plus the 32 travel expenses of any examiner required by the examination or audit to travel out of state.
- (6) That the applicant provide any other information 35 the department deems necessary to carry out this section.
- (b) Each license shall be issued for a term of one year. 37 Licenses shall be renewed pursuant to the requirements set forth in subdivision (a).
- (c) Not more than one place of business shall be 40 maintained under the same license, but the department

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may issue more than one license to the same licensee upon compliance with all the provisions of this title governing issuance of a single license.

- (d) The department may revoke, suspend, or deny the 5 renewal of a license for any violation of this title according 6 to procedures that the department may establish. If the department finds, after due notice and hearing, or opportunity for hearing, that any licensee, or an officer, agent, employee, or representative thereof, has violated 10 any of the provisions of this title or any other procedures 11 that the department may establish, or has failed to comply 12 with the regulations adopted by the department, or has 13 failed or refused to make its reports to the department, 14 or has furnished false information to the department, the 15 department may issue an order revoking or suspending 16 the right of the licensee and the officer, agent, employee or representative to do business in this state as a licensee. 17 18 Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit 19 the imposition of any additional administrative remedies 20 by the department or to preempt any civil or criminal 21 liability of the licensee.
- (e) The department shall maintain a list of licensees 23 that shall be available to interested persons and the public upon request.
- (f) The department shall establish a complaint process 26 whereby a consumer or any member of the public may file a complaint against a licensee or employee who 28 violates any provision of this title. The department shall maintain a toll-free telephone number to receive calls consumers regarding complaints and concerns 30 from related to this title.
- (g) The department shall investigate complaints and 33 hold hearings as it deems appropriate. The department 34 may make findings of fact, conclusions of law, issue cease 35 and desist orders, citations, or administrative fines, refer 36 the matter to the appropriate law enforcement agency 37 for prosecution under this title, and suspend or revoke a 38 license granted under this title. The proceedings shall be 39 open to the public.

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department shall (h) The develop list of representative examples of the dollar cost of loans and payment terms to illustrate loan structures dissemination by licensees.

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- shall develop a (i) The department notice distribution to consumers by licensees which informs the consumer about his or her rights and responsibilities related to deferred deposit loans. The notice shall include, but not be limited to, notice of the following:
- (1) That the consumer is borrowing money that will be repaid when the check is cashed.
- (2) That the consumer may repay the loan at any time before the check is cashed.
- (3) Information about thepayment structure for deferred deposit loans.
- (4) That if the consumer cannot repay the loan, or if the consumer's checking account has insufficient funds to 18 pay the check, the consumer may be charged an additional fee of up to fifteen dollars (\$15) or the actual amount charged to the check casher by his or her financial institution, whichever is less.
  - (5) That the consumer cannot be prosecuted in a criminal action for passing a bad check or be threatened with prosecution.
  - (6) That the lender may allow an extension of time for repayment, but if the lender agrees to an extension, it cannot charge any additional fee of any kind.
  - (7) Any additional information that the department may deem necessary.
- (j) On or before January 1, 2002, the department shall 30 forward a report to the Legislature, including the information required pursuant to this section, as well as an analysis of that information, including, but not limited 34 to, growth and trends in the industry, the impact on 35 consumers. whether consumers are taking loans 36 *simultaneously* from multiple licensees, and the feasibility of tracking these loans. 37
- (k) The department shall also make and file annually 38 as a public record a composite of the annual reports by

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licensees and any comments on the reports that it deems to be in the public interest.

shall adopt (*l*) The department regulations procedures as reasonably necessary to implement the provisions of this title.

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### CHAPTER 3. DUTIES OF LICENSEE

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- 1789.61. (a) Each licensee shall keep and use books, 10 accounts, and records that will enable the department to determine if the licensee is complying with the provisions of this title and shall maintain any other records as 13 required by the department. The department or a 14 designee of the department may examine those records 15 at any reasonable time. All records shall be kept for four 16 years following the last entry on a loan and according to generally accepted accounting procedures, which means an examiner shall be able to 19 recordkeeping and reconcile each consumer loan with 20 documentation maintained in the consumer's loan file records.
- (b) Each licensee shall file an annual report with the 23 department pursuant procedures to which 24 department shall establish. These reports shall include, 25 but not be limited to, the following information from the 26 previous calender year:
  - (1) The total number of deferred deposit loans made.
  - (2) The total number of individual customers.
  - (3) The total number of consumers who chose the optional payment plan provided for by Section 1789.62.
  - (4) The total number of deferred deposit outstanding.
- 33 (5) *The* minimum, maximum, and average dollar 34 amount of deferred deposit loans.
- 35 (6) The average annual percentage rate, and the 36 average length, in days, of deferred deposit loans.
  - (7) The actual number of repeat consumers.
- (8) The actual number of transactions entered into 38 39 with each customer during the calendar year.

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(9) The average annual income as disclosed by the consumer pursuant to Section 1789.62.

(10) The total number and dollar amount of returned checks, the total number and dollar amount of checks recovered, and the total number and dollar amount of checks charged off as of December 31 of the previous year.

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- (11) A sworn statement that the licensee has not used 9 the criminal process or caused the criminal process to be 10 used in the collection of any deferred deposit loans or used any civil process to collect the payment of deferred payment loans not generally available to creditors to collect on loans in default during the calendar year ending as of December 31 of the previous year.
- additional information which (12) Any the 16 department deems appropriate.
- (13) The licensee shall attest in writing to the accuracy 18 of the information contained in the required annual reports.
  - (c) In no case shall a licensee or an employee of the licensee do any of the following:
- (1) Engage in the business of deferred deposit lending 23 unless the department has first issued a valid license to the licensee.
  - (2) Enter into more than one deferred deposit loan at a time with the same consumer.
- (3) Accept or use the same check for a subsequent 28 transaction, or permit a consumer to pay off all or a 29 portion of one deferred deposit loan with the proceeds of 30 another deferred deposit loan.
- (4) Use any deceptive or unfair means to induce a 32 consumer to tender the entire amount owed for the purpose of entering into another deferred deposit loan 34 agreement with that consumer as an alternative to satisfying the obligation of a deferred deposit loan by 36 means of installment payments. If a consumer tenders 37 payment for the entire amount owed and on or about the 38 same day enters int another deferred deposit loan with the same licensee, it shall be presumed that the licensee

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has violated this subdivision. This presumption shall be a rebuttable presumption affecting the burden of proof.

- (5) Attempt to use the check provided by the consumer in a deferred deposit transaction as security, or accept any collateral for a deferred deposit loan.
- (6) Sell any insurance of any kind whether or not sold in connection with the making or collecting of a deferred deposit loan.
- 9 (7) Enter into a deferred deposit transaction with a 10 minor.
  - (8) Threaten to use or use the criminal process to collect a deferred deposit loan.
- (9) Threaten to use or use any civil process to collect 14 a deferred payment loan if that process is not generally available to creditors to collect on loans in default.
  - (10) Alter the date or any other information on the check.
- (11) Offer any benefit or incentive to a consumer in 19 return for the consumer referring other potential 20 borrowers to the licensee, including, but not limited to, discounts, rebates, credits on any existing or subsequent deferred deposit loan.
- (12) Engage in any unfair, unlawful, or deceptive 24 conduct or make any untrue or misleading statement in 25 connection with the business of deferred deposit lending, 26 including any violation of this title.
- (d) A licensee or an assignee of the licensee may not 28 commence an action pursuant to the provisions of Section 1719 on a check provided for a deferred deposit loan.
  - (e) A licensee shall at all times be legally responsible for the good conduct in the business of his or her employees or agents.
- (f) According to procedures that the department shall 34 establish, the following information shall be included in 35 notices to be posted by a licensee in each location of the 36 licensee's business at which deferred deposit loans are made:
- 38 (1) A statement disclosing that the licensee cannot use 39 the criminal process against a consumer to collect any 40 deferred deposit loan.

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(2) A schedule of interest and fees to be charged on representative loans, including the actual dollar amount charged and the corresponding annual percentage rate, based on information developed by the department.

- (g) (1) The notice required by this section and the 6 deferred deposit loan agreement required by Section 1789.62 shall be written in the same language as 8 principally used in any oral discussions or negotiations leading to execution of the loan agreement.
- notices required by paragraph subdivision (a) and by Section 1789.62 shall be in English, Spanish, and any other language in which a significant amount of deferred deposit loan business is conducted at 14 that location.

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## CHAPTER 4. RIGHTS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR DEFERRED DEPOSIT LOANS

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- 1789.62. (a) Before entering into a deferred deposit 20 loan, the licensee shall deliver to the consumer a notice prepared by the department pursuant to Section 1789.60 22 regarding the consumer's rights, including the toll-free 23 telephone number of the department for receiving calls 24 regarding consumer complaints and concerns. The notice 25 shall be signed and dated by the consumer, and a copy 26 provided to the consumer. The original shall be kept on file by the licensee.
- (b) Before entering into a deferred deposit loan with 29 a consumer, the licensee shall require the consumer to 30 provide proof of income, including annual income. No 31 licensee shall enter into a deferred deposit loan the 32 amount of which exceeds 25 percent of the consumer's earned wages for a pay period, or more than three 34 hundred dollars (\$300), whichever is less.
- 35 (c) (1) Every agreement for a deferred deposit loan 36 shall be contained in a single document which shall set 37 forth all of the agreements of the licensee and the 38 consumer with respect to the rights and obligations of 39 each party.

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(2) The licensee shall provide the consumer, or each consumer if there is more than one, with a copy of the loan document.

- (3) Every deferred deposit loan agreement shall be in at least 10-point type. The deferred deposit loan agreement shall clearly and conspicuously contain all of the following:
- 8 (A) The name, address, and telephone number of the 9 licensee making the deferred deposit loan, and the name 10 of the individual employee who signs the agreement on behalf of the licensee.
- (B) An itemization of the fees and interest charges to 13 be paid by the consumer, including a representation of the fees in terms of an annual percentage rate.
- required (C) Disclosures the by federal 16 Truth-in-Lending Act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 1601 et seq.), regardless of whether that act applies to the particular deferred deposit loan.
  - (D) A clear description of the consumer's payment obligations under the loan.
- (E) In a manner that is more conspicuous than the other information provided in the loan document and 23 that is in at least 14-point bold typeface, the following statement: "You cannot be prosecuted or threatened with 25 prosecution in a criminal action to collect this loan." The 26 notice shall be located immediately above the space reserved for the consumer's signature.
- 28 (4) Under no circumstances shall a deferred deposit 29 loan agreement include any of the following:
  - (A) A hold harmless clause.
  - (B) A confession of judgment clause.
  - (C) A waiver of the right to a jury trial, if applicable, in any action brought by or against a consumer.
- 34 (D) A mandatory arbitration clause.
- 35 (E) Any assignment of or order for payment of wages 36 or other compensation for services.
- (F) A provision in which the consumer agrees not to 37 assert any claim or defense arising out of the loan 38 39 agreement.

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(d) A deferred deposit loan transaction shall be structured as follows:

- (1) The maximum loan amount shall be 25 percent of the consumer's earned wages for the consumer's pay period or three hundred dollars (\$300), whichever is less.
- (2) The finance charge on a deferred deposit loan may not exceed 15 percent of the deferred deposit loan

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- (3) To obtain a deferred deposit loan, a consumer shall 10 provide to a licensee one check made payable to the 11 licensee in the amount equal to the sum of the deferred 12 deposit loan amount and the finance charge on that 13 deferred deposit loan. At the time a consumer and 14 licensee enter into a deferred deposit loan, the licensee 15 may not accept more than one check. The licensee may 16 not offer for presentment a check written by a consumer 17 to obtain a deferred deposit loan until the end of the 18 consumer's pay period, as defined in Section 1789.52. If a consumer does not have a regular pay period, the pay period shall be deemed to be at least 15 days.
- (4) The deferred deposit loan agreement shall set 22 forth a schedule for repayment.
- consumer (5) If a enters into а consecutive 24 transaction, the consumer may choose to participate in 25 optional repayment plan provided for in this section.
  - (A) The consumer shall repay the full amount owed in four installment payments.
- (B) The consumer shall tender to the licensee an 29 amount in cash equal to each of the first three installment 30 payments. At the time of payment of each of the first 31 three installment payments, the consumer shall provide 32 to the licensee another check made payable to the 33 licensee in the amount of the remaining unpaid balance. 34 In exchange for the consumer's new check, the licensee shall return to the consumer the check previously being 36 held pursuant to the deferred deposit loan agreement.
- installment 37 (C) The first payment 38 commence on the date upon which the licensee and a consumer enter into a deferred deposit loan agreement. 40 The first installment payment shall be due and payable on

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the final day of the first installment payment term, or on next consumer's regularly scheduled payday, 3 whichever is later. In no event shall an installment 31 4 payment term exceed days. Each subsequent 5 installment payment term thereafter shall commence on 6 the day the prior installment payment became due and payable. Each installment payment thereafter shall be due and payable on the final day of that installment 9 payment term.

- (D) To satisfy the obligation of the fourth installment 11 payment, the consumer may either:
- (i) Inform a licensee to present for payment the 13 consumer's check being held pursuant to the deferred 14 deposit loan agreement.
- (ii) Tender to the licensee an amount in cash equal to 16 the final installment payment in exchange for the consumer's check being held pursuant to the deferred 18 deposit loan agreement.
- (E) A consumer may pay an amount greater than the 20 minimum required for each installment payment at any 21 time on or before the due date of the installment 22 payment. Payment by a consumer prior to the due date 23 of an installment payment shall not alter the due date of 24 the next installment payment as provided for in this 25 *subdivision*.
- (F) If a consumer fails to make a required installment 27 payment in a timely manner as provided for in this section, the consumer shall be in default of the deferred deposit loan agreement.
  - (G) After each payment is made, the licensee shall give to the person making the payment a signed, dated receipt showing the amount paid and the balance due on the loan.
- (e) A consumer subject to a deferred deposit loan 34 35 agreement may at any time satisfy the agreement by 36 *either of the following:*
- (1) Authorizing a licensee to present the consumer's 37 38 check for payment on a date other than that set forth in 39 the agreement. Thelicensee shall record in consumer's loan file the date and time when

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consumer gave the authorization. The licensee shall not offer a consumer's check for presentment without that authorization from the consumer.

(2) Tendering to the licensee the entire amount owed 5 in cash in exchange for the consumer's check being held pursuant to the deferred deposit loan agreement.

1789.63. Upon the receipt of the check from the consumer for a deferred deposit loan, the licensee shall immediately stamp the back of the check with an 10 endorsement that states: "This check is being negotiated as part of a deferred deposit loan made pursuant to Section 1789.62 of the Civil Code and is not subject to the provisions of Section 1719 of the Civil Code."

1789.64. If there are insufficient funds to pay a check 15 on the date of presentment, a licensee may charge a fee, 16 not to exceed the lesser of fifteen dollars (\$15) or the fee imposed upon the licensee by the financial institution. 18 The licensee shall not collect more than one such fee with 19 respect to a particular check even if the check has been deposited more than once. A fee charged pursuant to this subdivision is a licensee's exclusive charge for late payment.

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#### CHAPTER 5. REMEDIES

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1789.67. (a) The remedies provided herein are cumulative and apply to licensees and their employees.

- (b) The violation of any provision of this title, or any regulation adopted thereunder, except as the result of accidental or bona fide error of computation, renders the loan void, and the person shall have no right to collect, receive, or retain any principal, interest, or other charges whatsoever with respect to the loan.
- (c) A consumer damaged by a violation of this title is *entitled to recover all of the following:* 
  - (1) Actual damages.
- (2) Civil penalties of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per violation.
- 39 (3) The consumer's reasonable attorney's fees 40 costs.

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(4) If a court determines by clear and convincing evidence that a breach or violation was willful, the court, in its discretion, may award punitive damages in addition to the amounts set forth above.

- (5) Equitable relief as the court deems proper.
- (d) Any person, including any member, officer, or director of a licensee, who willfully violates any provision of this title is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (e) Any waiver or modification of the provisions of this 10 title by the consumer shall be void and unenforceable as contrary to public policy.
- (f) The rights, remedies, and penalties established by 13 this title are cumulative to the rights, remedies, or 14 penalties established under other laws.
- (g) If any portion of this title or the application thereof 16 to any person or circumstances is held invalid, that 17 invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications 18 of the title that can be given effect without the invalid 19 provision or application, and to this end the provisions of 20 this title are severable.
- SEC. 7. No reimbursement is required by this act 22 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 23 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred 24 by a local agency or school district will be incurred 25 because this act creates a new crime or infraction, 26 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 27 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 28 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition 29 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article 30 XIII B of the California Constitution.

31 1789.50) is added to Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code. 32 to read:

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### TITLE 1.6G. DEFERRED DEPOSIT LOANS

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# CHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

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1789.50. This title shall be known and may be cited as the Deferred Deposit Loan Act.

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1789.51. (a) For purposes of this title, the following definitions apply:

- (1) Except as specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B), "deferred deposit loan" means any arrangement in which a person accepts a cheek and provides the drawer a portion of the face amount of the cheek in cash and agrees to hold the cheek pursuant to a written agreement for a period of days prior to deposit or presentment. "Deferred deposit loan" shall not be construed to apply to either of the following:
- (A) A retail seller engaged primarily in the business of selling consumer goods, including consumables, to retail buyers if that retail seller cashes checks or issues money orders for a minimum flat fee not exceeding two dollars (\$2) as a service to its customers that is incidental to its main purpose or business.
- (B) Deferred deposit loan agreements which are entered into with a bank, savings and loan association, eredit union, or other similar state or federally regulated financial institution that does not utilize an agency relationship with a facilitator, as defined in paragraph (8).
- (2) "Deferred deposit loan amount" means the amount of eash proceeds provided to a consumer pursuant to a deferred deposit loan, exclusive of any interest, or administrative or other loan-related charges.
- (3) "Licensee" means any person licensed by the Department of Justice under the provisions of this title to engage in deferred deposit loans, or any facilitator as defined in paragraph (8). For purposes of this title, a licensee includes any bank, savings and loan association, eredit union, or other state or federally regulated financial institution.
  - (4) "Department" means the Department of Justice.
- (5) "Person" means any natural person, firm, partnership, association or corporation, or other entity that makes a deferred deposit loan to a consumer in this state or any facilitator as defined in this section.
- (6) "Consumer" means any natural person who, singly or jointly with another consumer, enters into a deferred deposit loan.

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(7) "Cheek" as used in this title means a negotiable instrument as defined in Section 3104 of the Commercial Code which is drawn on a bank and is to be payable on demand at maturity of the deferred deposit loan.

- (8) "Facilitator" means any person who facilitates, enables, or acts as an agent for another person who makes deferred deposit loans.
- (9) "Principal" means a controlling person of an entity subject to this title, including, but not limited to any officer, director, general partner, or person owing or controlling, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the outstanding interests or equity securities of the applicant for a license, or the entity.
- (10) "Affiliate" means any licensee or agent or facilitator of a licensee that is under common ownership or control of the licensee.
- (11) "Finance charge" means any payment, charge, 18 fee, cost or expense, however denominated or expressed, that a consumer contracts to pay for the privilege of obtaining a deferred deposit loan. "Finance charge" does not include the amounts, if any, for delinquency charges, attorney's fees, court costs or collection expenses.
  - (12) "Amount owed" means the sum of the finance charge, and the deferred deposit loan amount.
  - (13) "Pay period" means the regular period for which a consumer receives a payment of earned wages, as provided in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 200) of Part 1 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.
  - (14) "Pay day" means the regular day on which a consumer receives a payment of earned wages, as provided in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 200) of Part 1 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.
- 33 (15) "Installment payment" means a partial payment 34 on a deferred deposit loan.
- (16) "Installment payment term" means a period of 35 36 time for the consumer to make an installment payment, that is equal to the consumer's payroll period or 15 days, whichever is greater. "Installment payment term" shall
- in no event exceed 31 days.

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1 (17) "Unpaid balance" means the difference between 2 the amount owed, and any and all installment payments 3 made.

4 (b) All provisions of this title apply to any facilitator, 5 as defined in this section.